Outlineoffungi.org - Note 846 Praearthromyces

Web-links: Index Fungorum, Facesoffungi, MycoBank, GenBank

Praearthromyces T.J. Baroni, T.W. Kuyper & van de Peppel

Praearthromyces was proposed by van de Peppel et al. (2022) to accommodate P. corneri as the type species, based on morphological characteristics and phylogenetic analysis of ITS, LSU and $tefl\alpha$ sequence data. The type species was isolated from the dead wood and soil in Malaysia. Praearthromyces griseus is the other accepted species in the genus. Praearthromyces species are characterized by tephrocyboid or collybioid or mycenoid habit with narrow, densely crowded lamellae, thin, deeply rooting pseudorhiza, no clamp connections, cheilocystidia variously shaped and mostly lacking internal pigments or resinous materials. Phylogenetically Praearthromyces is distinct based on the molecular profile of combined ITS, LSU and $tefl\alpha$ sequences (van de Peppel et al. 2022). The taxonomic placement of Praearthromyces is in Agaricales, Agaricomycetidae, Agaricomycetes, and Basidiomycota.

Reference

van de Peppel LJ, Aime MC, Læssøe T, Pedersen OS et al. 2022 – Four new genera and six new species of lyophylloid agarics (*Agaricales*, *Basidiomycota*) from three different continents. Mycological Progress 21(10), 85. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11557-022-01836-7

Entry by

Maoqiang He, State Key Laboratory of Mycology, Institute of Microbiology, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100101, China

(Edited by Rui-Lin Zhao, Maryam Tavakol Noorabadi, Kevin D. Hyde & Subodini N. Wijesinghe)

Published online 2 April 2024